



## ACUTE GLOMERULONEPHRITIS

## Nursing Diagnosis

Possible Nursing Diagnoses:

- Excess fluid volume
- Altered urinary elimination
- Hyperthermia
- At risk for infection

Related To (r/t):

- Impaired glomerular filtration
- Decrease in renal function
- Inflammatory infectious process

As Evidenced By (aeb):

- Fever
- Peripheral edema
- Decrease in urine output
- Abnormal BUN and Creatinine
- Electrolyte abnormalities

Patient Goals  
(Short and/or long term)

- 1.The patient will adhere to the prescribed fluid restriction.
- 2.The patient will have improved urinary output.
- 3.The patient will have improved peripheral edema.
- 4.The patient will adhere to dietary restrictions (sodium).
- 5.The patient will have improved renal labs and electrolytes.

Nursing Interventions  
(Including rationale)

- 1.The nurse will promote a restful environment to facilitate healing.
- 2.The nurse will monitor peripheral edema and blood pressure.
- 3.The nurse will monitor strict intake and output.
- 4.The nurse will administer medications to facilitate diuresis and anti-infectives.
- 5.The nurse will reposition the patient every 2 hours.

Include evidenced based rationales for each nursing intervention using your textbooks.

## Evaluation

State whether or not the goal was met.

If the goal wasn't met, what progress did they make, and what changes do you need to make to the care plan.

Give your recommendations for changing the care plan to improve patient outcomes.

